

# **PRESS RELEASE**

# "KaSiLi": Better batteries for electric cars "Made in Germany"

New thin-film electrodes made of silicon and lithium for the "Research Fab Battery"

(Dresden, November 11, 2019) In the umbrella concept "Research Fab Battery", German scientists want to develop novel batteries that are capable of storing at least 70 percent more energy for electric vehicles and smartphones than conventional lithium-ion solutions while maintaining the same volume. As part of the cluster of competence for battery materials "ExcellBattMat"<sup>1</sup> funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF), Dresden's "ExcellBattMat Center" (project KaSiLi: structural cathode adaptation for silicon and lithium materials) contributes key components for this new battery generation. On November 1, 2019, researchers from Fraunhofer, TU Dresden and Leibniz started working together on innovative battery electrodes consisting of ultra-thin silicon or lithium layers to achieve high energy densities.

Electric vehicles are to travel up to 700 kilometers with one battery charge, and smartphones to be charged much less frequently. Dresden-based "KaSiLi" under the auspices of the Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS, will carry out research into new electrode technologies for three years. "This is a quantum leap for battery technology," hopes Prof. Christoph Leyens, Head of Fraunhofer IWS and director of the Institute of Materials Science at Technische Universität Dresden. "This disruptive technology has the potential to significantly advance Germany as a business location," adds chemistry professor Stefan Kaskel from TU Dresden, who also heads the "ExcellBattMat Center" (Center of Excellence for Battery Materials, EBZ for short) at Fraunhofer IWS and the KaSiLi project sponsored by BMBF.

# Expertise for an electromobile future

In the long value-added chain from the battery cell to the finished electric car, German economy could thus gain significantly in importance. "Ultimately, we want to establish

<sup>1</sup> Chairman: Prof. Dr. Martin Winter, Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität Münster and Münster Electrochemical Energy Technology (MEET)

Icon: »Natürliches Benutzerinterface 2« by Icons8

#### **Head of Corporate Communications**

**Markus Forytta** | Fraunhofer-Institut für Werkstoff- und Strahltechnik IWS | Phone +49 351 83391-3614 | Winterbergstraße 28 | 01277 Dresden | www.iws.fraunhofer.de | markus.forytta@iws.fraunhofer.de

#### **Business Unit Manager Chemical Surface Technology**

PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 1 | 9



The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung



a modern battery cell production facility in Germany. As a result, we would be less dependent than before on supplies from the Far East or the USA for the transition to electromobility and renewable energies," Kaskel emphasized.

To achieve this, the researchers are developing new materials, design principles and processing technologies for the electrodes in the smallest energy storage units of an accumulator. Important components in such a cell are the anode and cathode. The electrical charge carriers move back and forth between these two poles when a battery is charged or when it is supplying electricity for the electric motor in an electric car. Today, the anode in a lithium-ion battery usually consists of a copper conductor a few micrometers (thousandths of a millimeter) thin, covered with a graphite layer about 100 micrometers thick.

#### Energy densities of over 1,000 watt hours per liter achievable

The Dresden chemists want to replace this graphite layer with much thinner layers of silicon or lithium. These will then measure only about ten to 20 to 30 micrometers. In the lab, this already works quite well and already provides more energy storage capacity. "Today's lithium-ion batteries have an energy density of around 240 watt hours per kilogram or up to 670 watt hours per liter," explains Stefan Kaskel. With our electrodes, we want to achieve well over 1,000 watt hours per liter. On the way, however, the developers not only have to further improve the chemistry and coating processes for their cells, but also solve a mechanical problem: Under the microscope it has been shown that the electrodes, which are thinly coated with silicon or lithium, shrink again and again and expand when the batteries are charged or discharged – as if the cell were breathing. However, this poses a problem because the mechanical stress can guickly destroy the electrodes through this "breathing". For this reason, the partners are now experimenting with tiny springs. They are working on special layers for the cathode formulations: »These are to be given cushioning properties through a special adaptation of their microscopic properties to contribute significantly to a higher energy density of the new battery generation«, says Dr. Kristian Nikolowski from the Fraunhofer Institute for Ceramic Technologies and Systems IKTS.

# Partners of Fraunhofer, TU and Leibniz team up in Dresden

In order to cast all these technologies into prototypes and finally bring them to series maturity, the KaSiLi partners combine various research strengths that complement each other. Fraunhofer IWS contributes its experience in thin-film technology. The Fraunhofer IKTS deals with oxide cathode technology and its scaling. The

PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 2 | 9

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.



nanoelectronics laboratory "NaMLab" at Technische Universität Dresden (TUD) uses special spectroscopy equipment to investigate the newly designed anodes. The Leibniz Institute for Solid State and Materials Research (IFW) Dresden focuses on the structural analysis of electrode layers. The TUD Chairs for Inorganic Chemistry of Prof. Stefan Kaskel and for Inorganic Non-Metallic Materials of Prof. Alexander Michaelis are responsible for the preliminary research for new electrode structures. In addition, these Dresden institutes are cooperating with the other three German ExcellBattMat centres in Münster, Munich and Ulm. The Dresden researchers act as a kind of high-tech hotbed for new materials within the Germany-wide umbrella concept "Battery Research Factory", which unites numerous battery funding activities of the BMBF under one roof.

# Prototypes for research production in Münster to be completed by 2022

The KaSiLi partners intend to have functional demonstrators ready by 2022. The new battery design will then flow into a "research production battery cell" in Münster. All this ultimately aims to establish a large-scale production of battery cells in Germany. This should improve the competitiveness of electric cars "Made in Germany" and secure jobs there.

#### About Technische Universität Dresden

Technische Universität Dresden (TUD) is one of the top universities in Germany and Europe. Strong in research and considered excellent with respect to the range and the quality of degree programmes it offers, it is also closely interconnected with culture, business and society. As a modern university with a broad array of disciplines and with its five Schools it has a diverse scientific spectrum that only few other German universities are able to match. TUD is Saxony's largest university with approximately 32,400 students and 8,300 employees – among them 600 professors. Since 2012, TU Dresden has been one of eleven Universities of Excellence in Germany. It was able to successfully defend this title on July 19, 2019. PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 3 | 9

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.

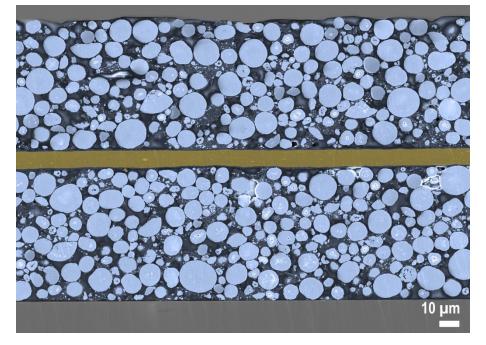


Save the date: MATERIALS FOR ENERGY

Fraunhofer IWS organizes the workshops **"Carbon Electrode Materials"** and **"Lithium Metal Anodes: Processing and Integration in Next-Generation Batteries"** in Dresden on November 18 and 19, 2019.

More info: www.iws.fraunhofer.de/materials-for-energy

# PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 4 | 9



The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

GEFÖRDERT VOM

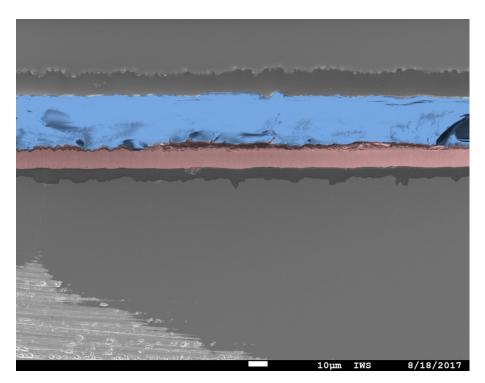


Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

SEM cross-sectional image of an NMC cathode (lithium nickel cobalt manganese oxide) produced using the IWS dry film process. © Fraunhofer IWS Dresden

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.





SEM cross-sectional view of a lithium anode produced by the IWS melting process. © Fraunhofer IWS Dresden 
 PRESS RELEASE

 No. 14 | 2019

 November 11, 2019 || Page 5 | 9

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

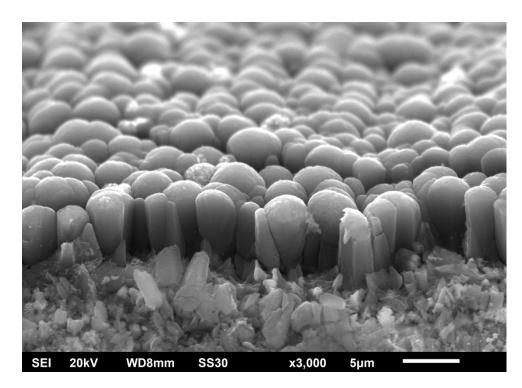
#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.





SEM image of a silicon layer with defined structure: The anodes' properties in the battery application can be controlled by selectively adjusting the structure and thickness of the layers. © Fraunhofer IWS Dresden PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 6 | 9

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.





By minimizing volume changes at the electrode level in Li-S and LIB prototype cells, high energy densities are to be detected at the cell level with simultaneous minimal thickness changes via the charge state.

© Fraunhofer IWS Dresden

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



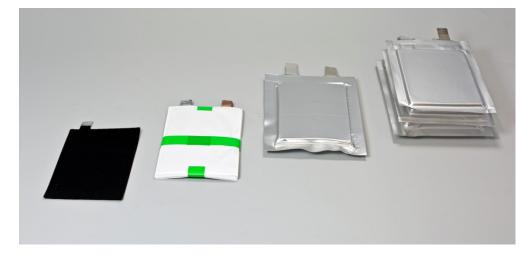
Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.

At Westsächsische Hochschule Zwickau, IWS runs the Fraunhofer Application Center for Optical Metrology and Surface Technologies AZOM. The Fraunhofer project group at the Dortmunder OberflächenCentrum DOC® is also integrated into the Dresden Institute. The main cooperation partners in the USA include the Center for Coatings and Diamond Technologies (CCD) at Michigan State University in East Lansing and the Center for Laser Applications (CLA) in Plymouth, Michigan. Fraunhofer IWS employs around 450 people at its headquarters in Dresden.

PRESS RELEASE No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 7 | 9





Pouch cell construction in three stages: They are assembled by stacking individual layers of electrodes and separators. This enables industry-oriented material tests for a wide variety of cell systems.

© Fraunhofer IWS Dresden

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.

At Westsächsische Hochschule Zwickau, IWS runs the Fraunhofer Application Center for Optical Metrology and Surface Technologies AZOM. The Fraunhofer project group at the Dortmunder OberflächenCentrum DOC® is also integrated into the Dresden Institute. The main cooperation partners in the USA include the Center for Coatings and Diamond Technologies (CCD) at Michigan State University in East Lansing and the Center for Laser Applications (CLA) in Plymouth, Michigan. Fraunhofer IWS employs around 450 people at its headquarters in Dresden.

 PRESS RELEASE

 No. 14 | 2019

 November 11, 2019 || Page 8 | 9





Manufacturing of Li-ion battery electrodes in the pilot-plant scale. © Fraunhofer IKTS No. 14 | 2019 November 11, 2019 || Page 9 | 9

PRESS RELEASE

The project upon which this report is based was funded by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research under the number 03XP0254 A-D. Responsibility for the content of this publication remains with the author.

#### GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

The **Fraunhofer Institute for Material and Beam Technology IWS Dresden** stands for innovations in laser and surface technology. As an institute of the Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Förderung der angewandten Forschung e. V., IWS offers one stop solutions ranging from the development of new processes to implementation into production up to application-oriented support. The fields of systems technology and process simulation complement the core competencies. The business fields of Fraunhofer IWS include PVD and nanotechnology, chemical surface technology, thermal surface technology, generation and printing, joining, laser ablation and separation as well as microtechnology. The competence field of material characterization and testing supports the research activities.